



TALEXconverter LCBI 10 W 180/350/500 mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip BASIC series

Product description

- Dimmable built-in LED Driver
- Constant current LED control gear
- Output current 180, 350 or 500 mA
- Max. output power 10 W
- Nominal life-time up to 50,000 h
- SELV
- Dimmable via leading edge and trailing edge phase dimmers
- Dimmable via 1 ... 10 V
- Output dimmed analogue (current amplitude)
- Dimming range typ. 10 to 100 % (depending on dimmer)
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- 5-year guarantee

Properties

- Casing: polycarbonat, white
- Type of protection IP20
- Push-in terminals

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- No output current overshoot at mains on/off



Standards, page 3

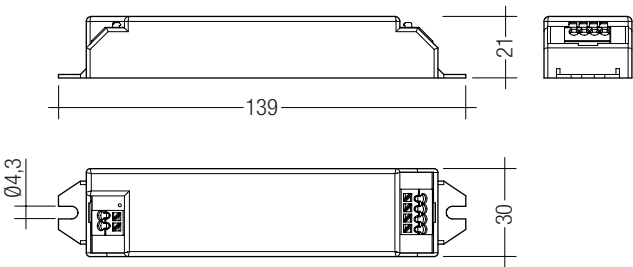
Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page 4

IP20 SELV  RoHS

TALEXconverter LCBI 10 W 180/350/500 mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip
BASIC series

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
Input voltage, AC	198 – 264 V
Typ. rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.058 A
Power factor at full load ^①	0.95
Power factor at min. load ^①	0.9
Mains frequency	50 Hz
Overvoltage protection	300 V AC, 1 h
Max. input power	13 W
Output power	5 – 10 W
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 20 %
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, min. load)	< 20 %
Control input ^②	1 ... 10 V, potentiometer 200 kΩ
Output current tolerance (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	± 7.5 %
Output current tolerance (at 230 V, 50 Hz, min. load)	± 10 %
Typ. current ripple (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	± 40 %
Turn on time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.2 s
Hold on time at power failure	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-20 ... +50 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at life-time 50,000 h)	50 °C
Max. casing temperature tc	65 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 ... +85 °C
Dimensions L x W x H	139 x 30 x 21 mm



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LCBI 10W 180mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	87500282	30 pc(s).	960 pc(s).	6,720 pc(s).	0.064 kg
LCBI 10W 350mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	87500283	30 pc(s).	960 pc(s).	6,720 pc(s).	0.062 kg
LCBI 10W 500mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	87500284	30 pc(s).	960 pc(s).	6,720 pc(s).	0.064 kg

Specific technical data

Type	Output current	Efficiency at full load ^①	Efficiency at min. load ^①	Min. forward voltage ^①	Max. forward voltage ^①	Max. output voltage	Max. repetitive output peak current at full load	Max. repetitive output peak current at min. load	Max. non-repetitive output peak current at full load	Max. non-repetitive output peak current at min. load
LCBI 10W 180mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	180 mA	79 %	78 %	28 V	56 V	65 V	260 mA	310 mA	260 mA	310 mA
LCBI 10W 350mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	350 mA	78 %	75 %	14 V	28 V	45 V	500 mA	570 mA	500 mA	570 mA
LCBI 10W 500mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	500 mA	77 %	73 %	10 V	20 V	35 V	740 mA	870 mA	740 mA	870 mA

^① Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz without dimmer connected.

^② 1 ... 10 V DC source with double or reinforced insulation with respect to AC mains. Max. source current: 0.1 mA. Suitable for passiv and active control.

Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 61547
EN 62384

Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED control gear reduces the LED output current. After elimination of the overload the nominal operation is restored automatically.

Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED control gear switches off. After elimination of the short circuit the nominal operation is restored automatically.

No-load operation

The LED control gear works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string open due a failure.

In no-load operation the output voltage will not exceed the specified max. output voltage (see page 2).

Dimming

Dimming range 10 % to 100 %

Control with:

- Potentiometer
- 1 ... 10 V
- Both phase cut and 1 ... 10 V dimmer connect together in one device is not permitted and may cause flicker.
- In 1 ... 10 V dimming applications, the system SELV depends on the dimmer. If a SELV 1 ... 10 V dimmer is used, the system will be SELV.
- Wrong polarity input to the 1 – 10 V interface will damage the LED converter.

1 ... 10 V function

The light intensity of the LEDs vary proportionally to the signal sent to the terminal.

Potentiometer function

By rotating the potentiometer there is variation of the LED light intensity in a proportionate or logarithmic way depending on the model of potentiometer used. The use of a logarithmic potentiometer is recommended.

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +85 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 960 °C passed.

Expected life-time

Type	ta	40 °C	50 °C	60 °C
LCBI 10W xxxmA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	tc	55 °C	65 °C	x
	Life-time	50,000 h	30,000 h	x

The LED Drivers are designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type									Inrush current	
	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	I _{max}	Time
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²		
LCBI 10W 180mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	60	90	120	140	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs
LCBI 10W 350mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	60	90	120	140	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs
LCBI 10W 500mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	60	90	120	140	30	45	60	70	10 A	100 µs

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V/50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LCBI 10W 180mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	20	9	10	7	5	3
LCBI 10W 350mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	20	10	10	7	5	3
LCBI 10W 500mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip	20	11	10	7	5	3

Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 2.8 kV surge voltage.
Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

Replace LED module

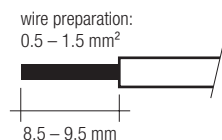
1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 20 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

Wiring type and cross section

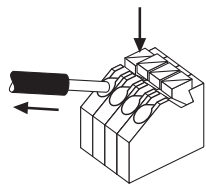
The wiring can be stranded wires with ferrules or rigid wires with a cross section of $0.5 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$.

Strip $8.5 - 9.5 \text{ mm}$ of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250).



Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED control gear and other leads (ideally $5 - 10 \text{ cm}$ distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m .
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- The wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

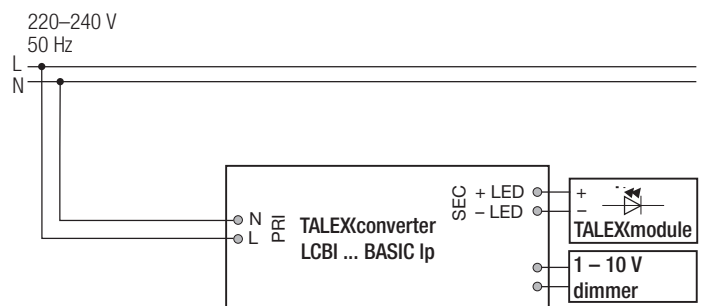
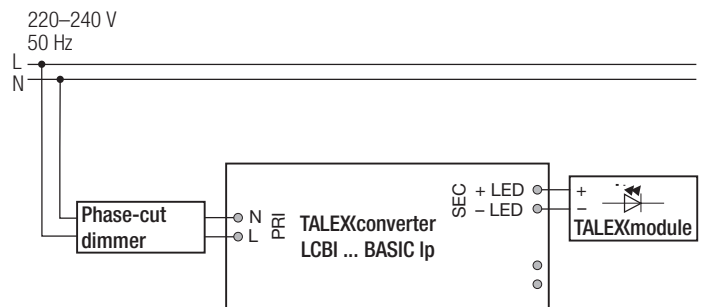
Additional information

Additional technical information at
www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at
www.tridonic.com → Services

No warranty if device was opened.

Wiring diagram



Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

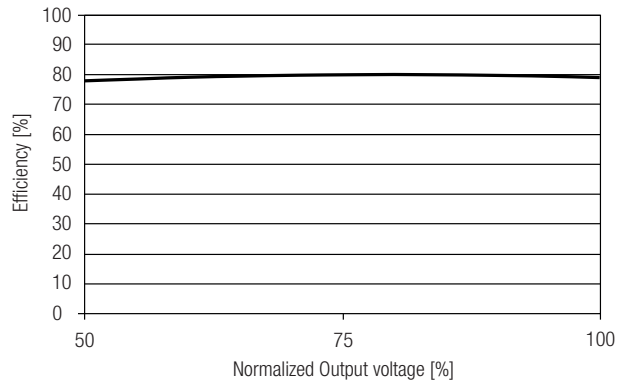
According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with $500 \text{ V}_{\text{DC}}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least $2 \text{ M}\Omega$.

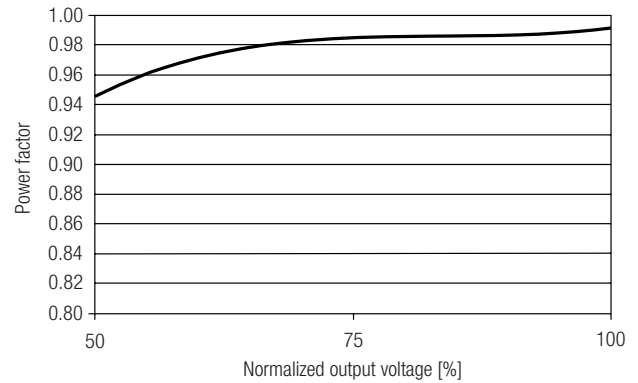
As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with $1500 \text{ V}_{\text{AC}}$ (or $1.414 \times 1500 \text{ V}_{\text{DC}}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Diagrams LCBI 10W 180mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip

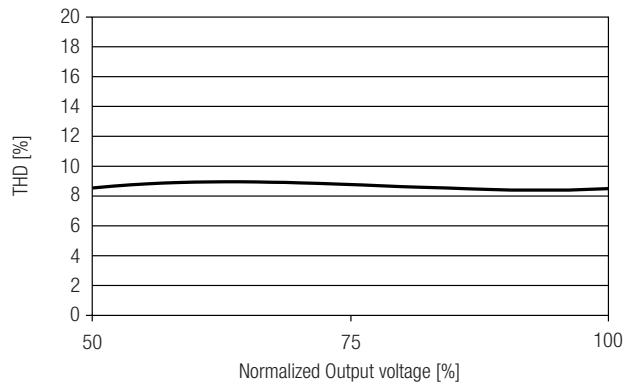
Efficiency vs load



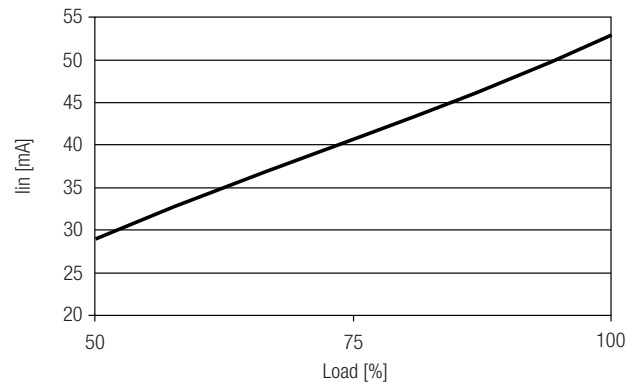
Power factor vs load



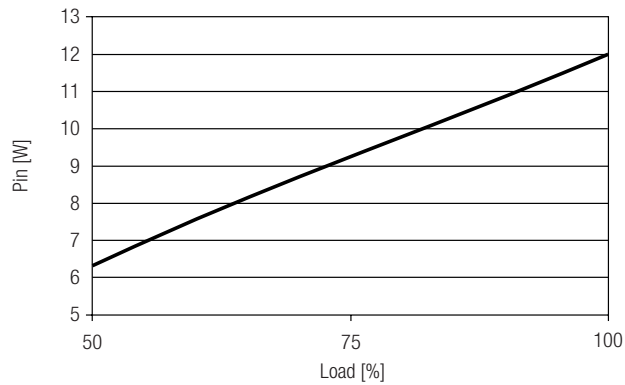
THD vs load



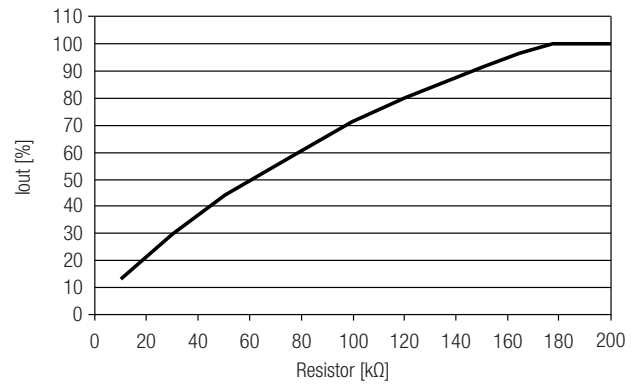
Input current vs load



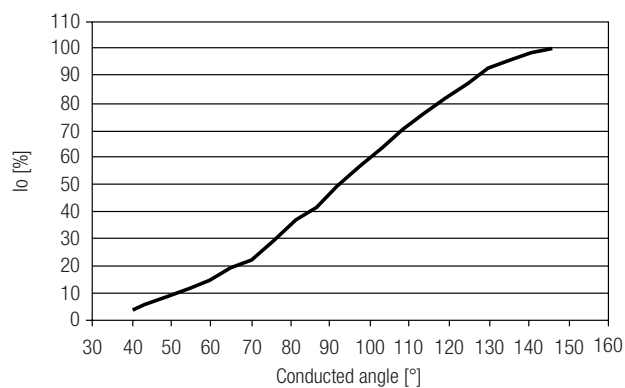
Input power vs load



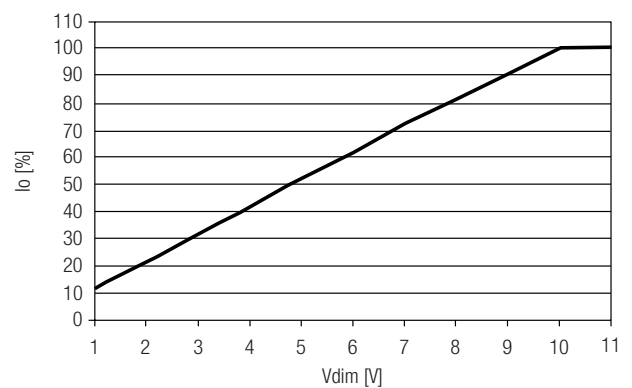
Output current vs dimming resistance



Phase cut dimming curve (depends dimmer)
Output current vs dimming angle

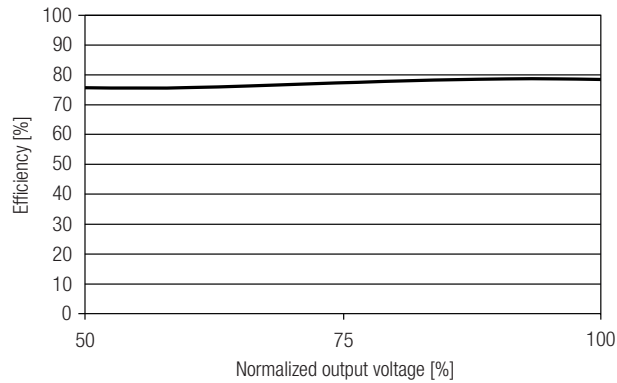


1 – 10 V dimming curve
Output current vs dimming voltage

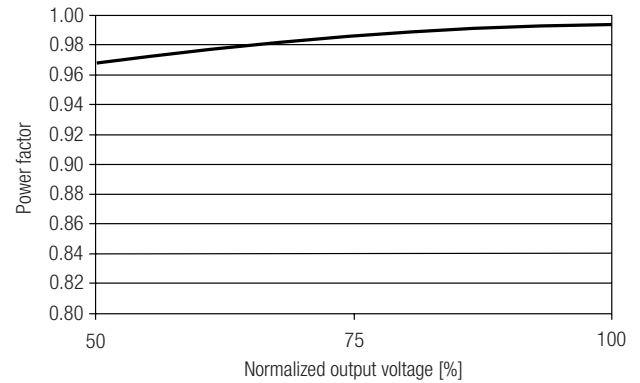


Diagrams LCBI 10W 350mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip

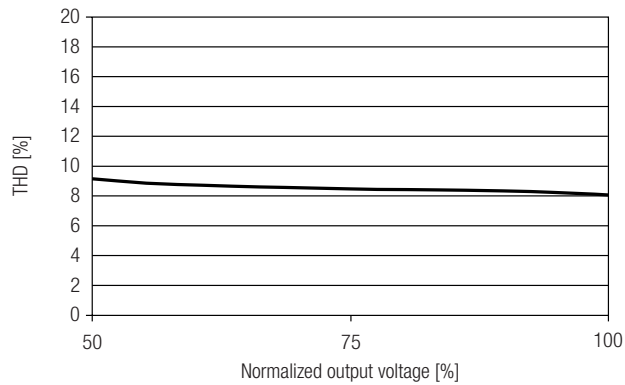
Efficiency vs load



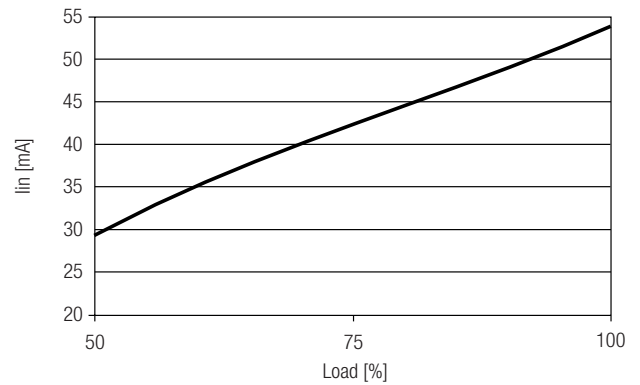
Power factor vs load



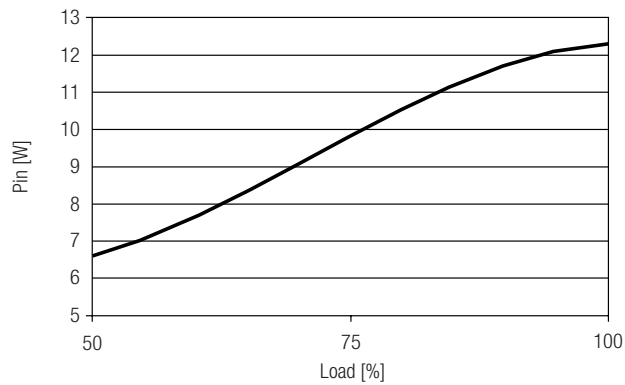
THD vs load



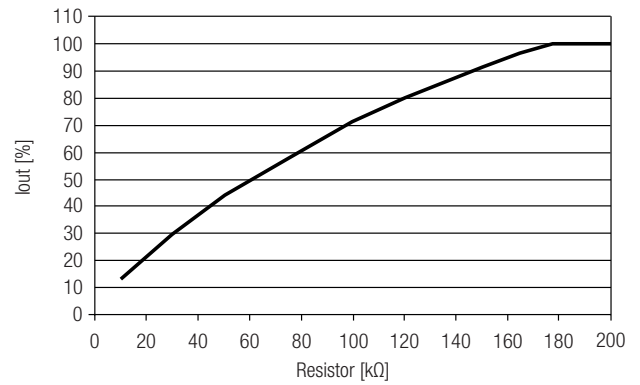
Input current vs load



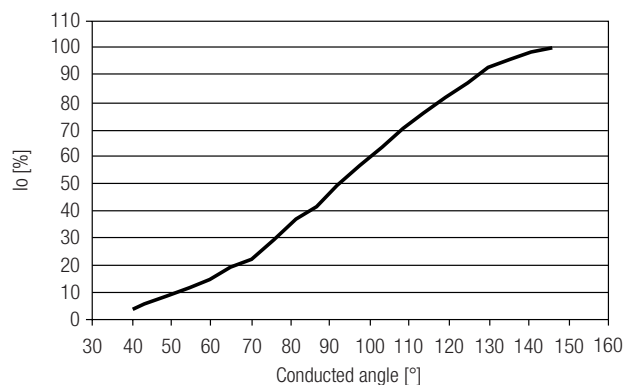
Input power vs load



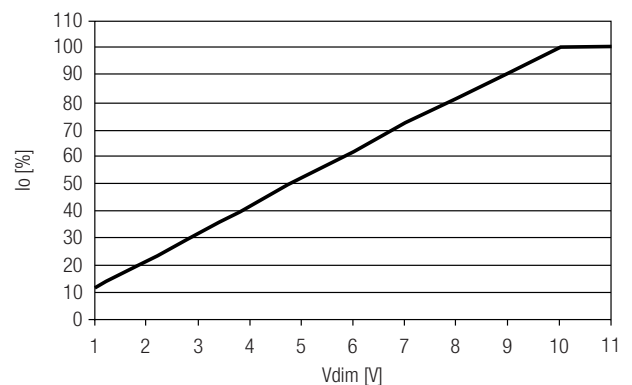
Output current vs dimming resistance



Phase cut dimming curve (depends dimmer)
Output current vs dimming angle

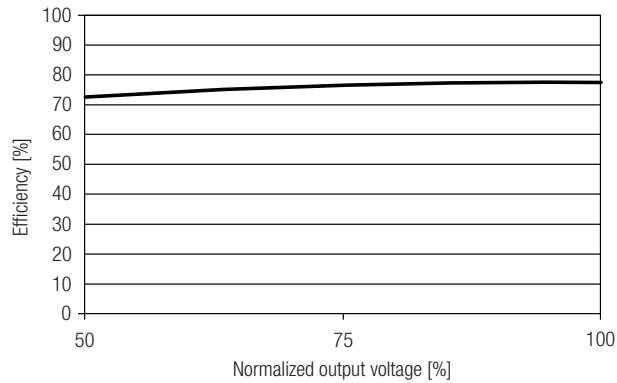


1 – 10 V dimming curve
Output current vs dimming voltage

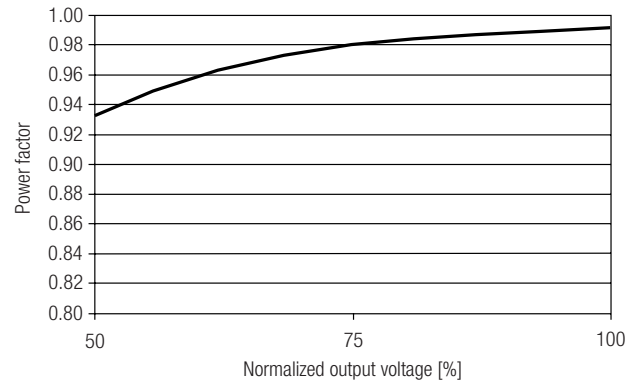


Diagrams LCBI 10W 500mA phase-cut/1–10 V Ip

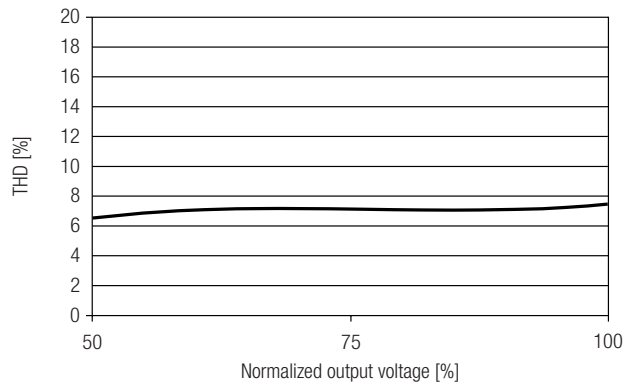
Efficiency vs load



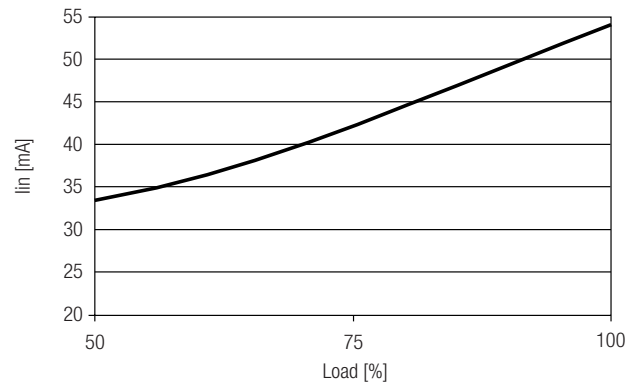
Power factor vs load



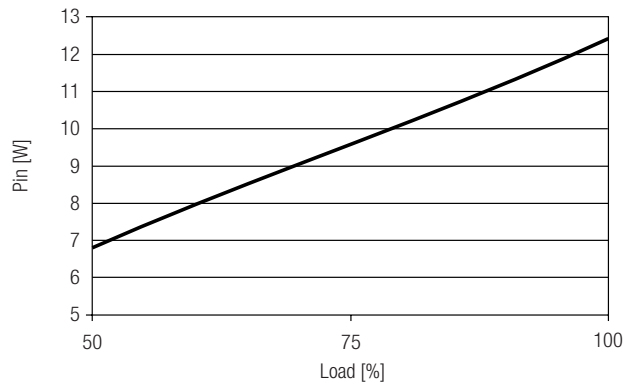
THD vs load



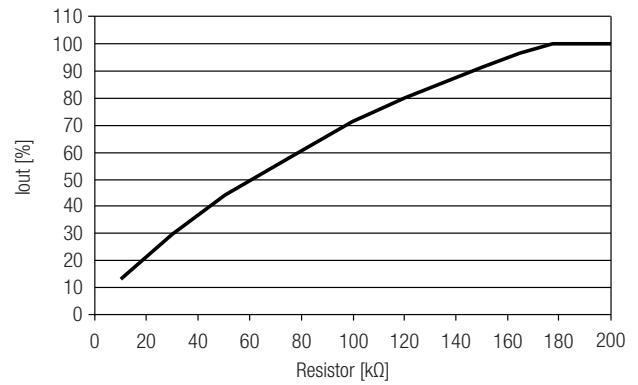
Input current vs load



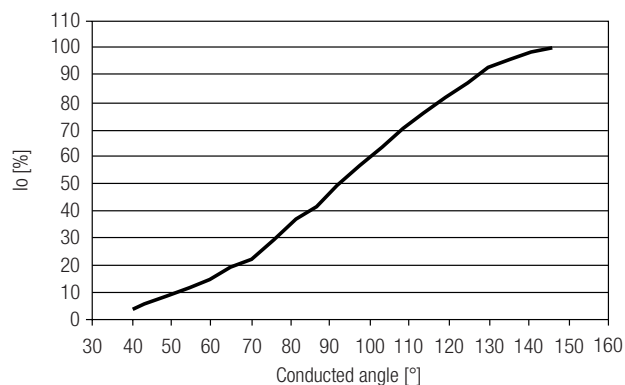
Input power vs load



Output current vs dimming resistance



Phase cut dimming curve (depends dimmer)
Output current vs dimming angle



1 – 10 V dimming curve
Output current vs dimming voltage

