# TRIDONIC

**LED Driver** Compact fixed output



## TALEX(driver LC 17W 250–700mA flexC SR EXC EXCITE series

## Product description

- Constant current LED Driver
- Dimmable via ready2mains<sup>™</sup> Gateway
- Dimming range 15 100 % (depending on load)
- Adjustable output current between 250 and 700 mA via ready2mains<sup>™</sup> Programmer or I-select 2 plugs
- Max. output power 17 W
- Up to 84 % efficiency
- Nominal life-time up to 100,000 h
- 5-year guarantee

## Housing properties

- · Casing: polycarbonate, white
- Type of protection IP20
- Strain relief with loop through function

## Interfaces

- ready2mains<sup>™</sup> (configuration and dimming via mains)
- Terminal blocks: 45° / 0° push terminals

## Functions

- Adjustable output current in 1-mA-steps (ready2mains<sup>™</sup>, I-select 2)
- Dimmable via ready2mains™ interface
- Protective features (overtemperature, short-circuit, overload, no-load, input voltage range)
- Suitable for emergency escape lighting systems acc. to EN 50172
- For cable cross-sections up to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>

## Benefits

- Application-oriented operating window for maximum compatibility
- Best energy savings due to high efficiency and dimming via ready2mains™
- Flexible configuration via ready2mains<sup>™</sup> and I-select 2
- Reliability proven by life-time up to 100,000 h and 5-year guarantee
- No tools required for installation

## Typical applications

• For downlight, spotlight and decorative applications

## $\rightarrow$

Standards, page 4





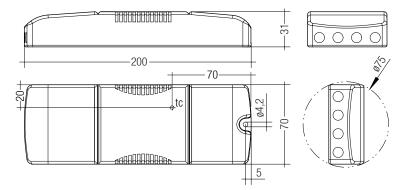
# TRIDONIC

# $\begin{array}{c} \label{eq:product} \mbox{IP20 selv} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} \mbox{IP20 selv} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} \mbox{IP20 selv} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{c} \mbox{IP20 selv} \end{tabular} \end{$

# TALEX/driver LC 17W 250–700mA flexC SR EXC EXCITE series

## Technical data

AC voltage range $198 - 264 V$ DC voltage range $176 - 280 V$ Mains frequency $0 / 50 / 60 Hz$ Overvoltage protection $320 V AC, 48 h$ Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $\odot$ $94 mA$ Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, $60 \%$ dimming level) $\odot$ $55 mA$ Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $\odot$ $250 \mu A$ Max. input power $20.7 W$ Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $\odot$ $84 \%$ $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $0.95$ Typ. input current in no-load operation $17 mA$ Typ. input power in no-load operation $16 A / 219 \mu s$ THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $< 500 ms$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $< 500 ms$ Time to light (DC mode) $< 500 ms$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.2 s$ Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 50 ms$ Output current tolerance $\odot \odot$ $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) $< output current + 35 \%$ Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz) $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output voltage (no-load voltage) $60 V$ Dimming range $\circledast$ $15 - 100 \%$ Mains surge capability (between L - N)1 kVMains surge capability (between L - N)1 kVSurge voltage at output side (against PE) $< 500 V$ Dimensions L x W x H $200 x 70 x 31 mm$	Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
Mains frequency0 / 50 / 60 HzOvervoltage protection320 V AC, 48 hTyp. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot \odot$ 94 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 60 % dimming level) $\odot$ 55 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot \odot$ <250 µA	AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Overvoltage protection $320 \vee AC, 48 h$ Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot} \odot$ $94 \text{ mA}$ Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, $60 \%$ dimming level) $^{\odot}$ $55 \text{ mA}$ Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot} \odot$ $250 \mu A$ Max. input power $20.7 W$ Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $^{\odot}$ $84 \%$ $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ $0.95$ Typ. input current in no-load operation $17 \text{ mA}$ Typ. input current in no-load operation $16 \text{ A } / 219 \mu \text{s}$ THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ $< 10 \%$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ $< 500 \text{ ms}$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.2 \text{ s}$ Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 50 \text{ ms}$ Output current tolerance $^{\odot} \odot$ $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) $< output current + 35 \%$ Output LF current ripple ( $< 120 \text{ Hz}$ ) $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output voltage (no-load voltage) $60 \text{ V}$ Dimming range $^{\odot}$ $15 - 100 \%$ Mains surge capability (between L - N) $1 \text{ KV}$ Mains surge capability (between L - N) $1 \text{ KV}$ Surge voltage at output side (against PE) $< 500 \text{ V}$	DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ 94 mATyp. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 60 % dimming level)55 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $\odot$ $< 250 \ \mu A$ Max. input power20.7 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)84 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.95Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 \musTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 500 \ ms$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 500 \ ms$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.2 \ s$ Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 50 \ ms$ Output current tolerance $= \pm 5 \ ms$ Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) $< output current + 35 \ ms$ Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 60 % dimming level)Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 60 % dimming level)55 mALeakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $2 250 \mu A$ Max. input power $20.7 W$ Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $84 \%$ $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $0.95$ Typ. input current in no-load operation $17 mA$ Typ. input power in no-load operation $0.6 W$ In-rush current (peak / duration) $16 A / 219 \mu s$ THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 500 ms$ Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 500 ms$ Switchover time (AC/DC) $< 0.2 s$ Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $< 50 ms$ Output current tolerance $= 5 \%$ Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) $< output current + 35 \%$ Output LF current ripple ( $< 120 Hz$ ) $\pm 5 \%$ Max. output voltage (no-load voltage) $60 V$ Dimming range $15 - 100 \%$ Mains surge capability (between L - N) $1 KV$ Mains surge capability (between L- N) $1 KV$ Surge voltage at output side (against PE) $< 500 V$	Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 48 h
Type center (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ < 250 µAMax. input power20.7 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) $^{\odot}$ 84 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ 0.95Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\odot}$ < 500 ms	Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>10</sup>	94 mA
Max. input power20.7 WTyp. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)84 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.95Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 500 ms	Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 60 % dimming level) $^{\circledast}$	55 mA
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)84 % $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.95Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 10 %	Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>®</sup>	< 250 µA
hyperbolic(at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.95 $\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)0.95Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 µsTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 10 %	Max. input power	20.7 W
Typ. input current in no-load operation17 mATyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®< 10 %	Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)®	84 %
Typ. input outwink that operation0.6 WTyp. input power in no-load operation0.6 WIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®< 10 %	$\lambda$ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) $^{\rm T}$	0.95
Type input portor in the total operationIn-rush current (peak / duration)16 A / 219 $\mu$ sTHD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®< 10 %	Typ. input current in no-load operation	17 mA
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 10 %Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 500 ms	Typ. input power in no-load operation	0.6 W
Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 500 msTime to light (DC mode)< 500 ms	In-rush current (peak / duration)	16 A / 219 µs
Time to light (DC mode)< 500 msSwitchover time (AC/DC)< 0.2 s	THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>®</sup>	< 10 %
Switchover time (AC/DC)< 0.2 sTurn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 50 ms	Time to light (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)®	< 500 ms
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)< 50 msOutput current tolerance 	Time to light (DC mode)	< 500 ms
Output current tolerance $\oplus$ $\pm$ 5 %Max. output current peak (non-repetitive) $\leq$ output current + 35 %Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	Switchover time (AC/DC)	< 0.2 s
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 50 ms
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	Output current tolerance <sup>®</sup>	± 5 %
Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)     60 V       Dimming range <sup>®</sup> 15 - 100 %       Mains surge capability (between L - N)     1 kV       Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)     2 kV       Surge voltage at output side (against PE)     < 500 V	Max. output current peak (non-repetitive)	$\leq$ output current + 35 %
Dimming range®     15 - 100 %       Mains surge capability (between L - N)     1 kV       Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)     2 kV       Surge voltage at output side (against PE)     < 500 V	Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Mains surge capability (between L - N)     1 kV       Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)     2 kV       Surge voltage at output side (against PE)     < 500 V	Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)	60 V
Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)     2 kV       Surge voltage at output side (against PE)     < 500 V	Dimming range <sup>®</sup>	15-100 %
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)         < 500 V	Mains surge capability (between L - N)	1 kV
	Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)	2 kV
Dimensions L x W x H 200 x 70 x 31 mm	Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	< 500 V
	Dimensions L x W x H	200 x 70 x 31 mm



## Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging carton	Packaging pallet	Weight per pc.
LC 17W 250-700mA flexC SR EXC	28000699	10 pc(s).	400 pc(s).	0.185 kg

## Specific technical data

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Туре	Output current®®		Max. forward voltage	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. casing temperature tc	Ambient temperature ta max.	I-select 2 resistor value®
	250 mA	15 V	50.0 V	12.5 W	15.7 W	74 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	open
	300 mA	15 V	50.0 V	15.0 W	18.1 W	85 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	16.67 kΩ
	350 mA	15 V	48.6 V	17.0 W	20.4 W	94 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	14.29 kΩ
	400 mA	15 V	42.5 V	17.0 W	20.3 W	94 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	12.50 kΩ
LC 17W 250-700mA flexC SR EXC	450 mA	15 V	37.8 V	17.0 W	20.2 W	93 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	11.11 kΩ
LC 17W 250-700IIIA IIEXC SN EXC	500 mA	15 V	34.0 V	17.0 W	20.3 W	94 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	10.00 kΩ
	550 mA	15 V	30.9 V	17.0 W	20.2 W	93 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	9.09 kΩ
	600 mA	15 V	28.3 V	17.0 W	20.2 W	93 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	8.33 kΩ
	650 mA	15 V	26.2 V	17.0 W	20.2 W	93 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	7.69 kΩ
	700 mA	15 V	24.3 V	17.0 W	20.1 W	93 mA	70 °C	-25 +55 °C	short circuit (0 Ω)

<sup>®</sup> Valid at 100 % dimming level.

<sup>®</sup> Depending on the selected output current.

<sup>®</sup> Depending on the connected load. Output power at minimum dim level is 15 % of absolute max. output power within the entire operating window.

<sup>®</sup> The table only lists a number of possible operating points but does not cover each single point. The output current can be set within the total value range in 1-mA-steps.

<sup>(5)</sup> Not compatible with I-select (generation 1).

Output current is mean value.



I-SELECT 2 PLUG PRE / EXC

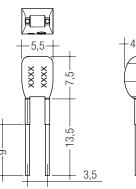
## Product description

- Ready-for-use resistor to set output current value
- Compatible with LED Driver featuring I-select 2 interface; not compatible with I-select (generation 1)
- Resistor is base isolated
- Resistor power 0.25 W
- Current tolerance  $\pm$  2 % additional to output current tolerance
- Compatible with LED Driver series PRE and EXC

## Example of calculation for third party resistors

- R  $[k\Omega] = 5 V / I_out [mA] x 1000$
- Resistor value tolerance ≤ 1 %; resistor power ≥ 0.1 W; base isolation necessary
- When using a resistor value beyond the specified range, the output current will automatically be set to the minimum value (resistor value too big), respectively to the maximum value (resistor value too small)





## Ordering data

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Туре	Article number	Colour	Marking	Current	Packaging bag	Weight per pc.
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 250MA BL	28001106	Blue	0250 mA	250 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 275MA BL	28001107	Blue	0275 mA	275 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 300MA BL	28001108	Blue	0300 mA	300 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 325MA BL	28001109	Blue	0325 mA	325 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 350MA BL	28001110	Blue	0350 mA	350 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 375MA BL	28001111	Blue	0375 mA	375 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 400MA BL	28001112	Blue	0400 mA	400 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 425MA BL	28001251	Blue	0425 mA	425 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 450MA BL	28001113	Blue	0450 mA	450 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 475MA BL	28001252	Blue	0475 mA	475 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 500MA BL	28001114	Blue	0500 mA	500 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 550MA BL	28001115	Blue	0550 mA	550 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 600MA BL	28001116	Blue	0600 mA	600 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 650MA BL	28001117	Blue	0650 mA	650 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG 700MA BL	28001118	Blue	0700 mA	700 mA	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
I-SELECT 2 PLUG MAX BL	28001099	Blue	MAX	MAX	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg

## 1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 62384 EN 61547 According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

### 2. Thermal details and life-time

## 2.1 Expected life-time

#### Expected life-time

Туре	ta	40 °C	50 °C	55 °C	60 °C
LC 17W 250-700mA flexC SR EXC	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C
LC 17W 250-700IIIA IIEXC SH EAC	Life-time	> 100,000 h	> 100,000 h	90,000 h	60,000 h

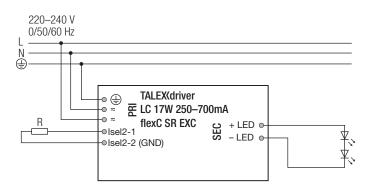
The LED Driver is designed for a life-time stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

### 3. Installation / wiring

#### 3.1 Circuit diagram



For wiring in dimming operation refer to the ready2mains Gateway datasheet.

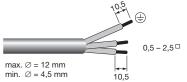
## 3.2 Wiring type and cross section

#### Mains supply wires

Stranded wire or solid wire from 0.5 to  $2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  may be used for wiring. Strip 10–11 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push terminals.

Use one wire for each terminal connector only. Use each strain relief channel for one cable only.

Use each strain rener channel for one caple only.



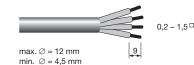
## Secondary wires (LED module)

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid with a cross section of 0.2–1.5  $\rm mm^2.$ 

Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.

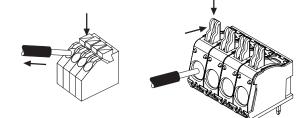
Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

Use each strain relief channel for one cable only.



#### 3.3 Loose wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



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## 3.4 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- · Secondary switching is not permitted.
- The LED Driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED Driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- Through wiring of mains is for connecting additional LED Driver only. Max. permanent current of 16 A may not be exceeded.

## 3.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is not supported due to residual output voltage of > 0 V. If a LED load is connected, the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

This can be done via mains reset or via interface ready2mains.

## 3.6 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED Driver.

Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

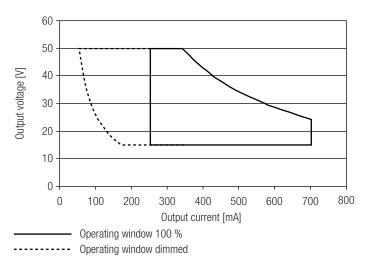
In general it is recommended to earth the LED Driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

### 3.7 I-select 2 resistors connected via cable

For details see: http://www.tridonic.com/com/en/download/technical/LCA\_PRE\_LC\_EXC\_ProductManual\_en.pdf.

## 4. Electrical values

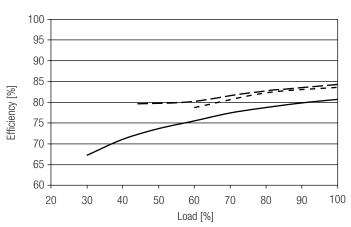
#### 4.1 Operating window



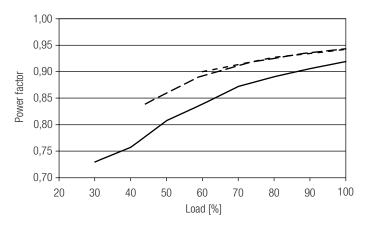
Make sure that the LED Driver is operated within the given window under all operating conditions. Special attention needs to be paid at dimming and DC emergency operation as the forward voltage of the connected LED modules varies with the dimming level, due to the implemented amplitude dimming technology. Coming below the specified minimum output voltage of the LED Driver may cause the device to shut-down.

See chapter "6.8 DC emergency operation" for more information.

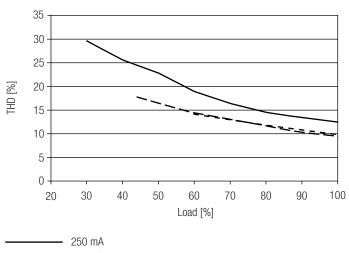
### 4.2 Efficiency vs load



## 4.3 Power factor vs load







**— — —** 500 mA

**---** 700 mA

100 % load corresponds to the max. output power (full load) according to the table on page 2.

## **LED Driver** Compact fixed output

## 4.5 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	$2.5\text{mm}^2$	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	I	time
LC 17W 250-700mA flexC SR EXC	41	55	66	83	25	33	40	50	15 A	204 µs

Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

## 4.6 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 17W 250-700mA flexC SR EXC	<10	< 4	< 4	< 5	< 4	< 3

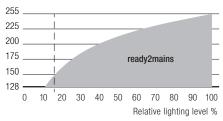
#### 4.7 Dimming

Dimming range 15 % to 100 % Output power at minimum dim level is 15 % of max. output power, independent of the attached load.

Dimming is realized by amplitude dimming.

#### 4.8 Dimming characteristics

## ready2mains dimming value



Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

## 5. Interfaces / communication

#### 5.1 Control input ready2mains (L, N)

The digital ready2mains protocol is modulated onto the mains signal which is wired to the mains terminal (L and N).

## 6. Functions

## 6.1 Function: adjustable current

The output current of the LED Driver can be adjusted in a certain range. For adjustment there are two options available.

#### Option 1: I-select 2

By inserting a suitable resistor or third party resistor into the I-select 2 interface, the current value can be adjusted. The relationship between output current and resistor value can be found in the chapter "Accessories I-SELECT 2 Plugs".



Please note that the resistor values for I-select 2 are not compatible with I-select (generation 1). Installation of an incorrect resistor may cause irreparable damage to the LED module(s).

Resistors for the main output current values can be ordered from Tridonic (see accessories).

#### Option 2: ready2mains

Adjustment is done by the ready2mains Programmer and the corresponding configuration software (see ready2mains documentation).



Current adjustment can only be done five times over ready2mains. To program the LED Driver a connected load is necessary that is within the operating window of the LED Driver.

The priority for current adjustment methods is I-select 2 followed by ready2mains (lowest priority).

### 6.2 ready2mains - configuration

The ready2mains interface enables the configuration of the mostly used parameters via the mains wiring. In the case of EXC LED Driver, it is the LED output current as well as an optional

lockbit to prevent any accidental configuration at a later stage.

The configuration is done via the ready2mains Programmer, either directly at the Programmer itself or via a respective software tool. For details on the configuration via ready2mains see the technical information of the Programmer and its tools.

## 6.3 ready2mains - dimming

The ready2mains interface also allows for mains-based group dimming, without the need for dedicated control wires.

The dimming commands from the control unit are transferred into the digital ready2mains protocol by a ready2mains Gateway. This device then broadcasts the dimming signal to all connected LED drivers via the mains wiring. For details on the dimming functionality via ready2mains see the technical information to ready2mains as well as to the Gateways.

## 6.4 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short-circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again. The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface ready2mains.

### 6.5 No-load operation

The LED Driver will not be damaged in no-load operation. The output will be deactivated and is therefore free of voltage. If a LED load is connected the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

#### 6.6 Overload protection

If the output voltage range is exceeded the LED Driver turns off the LED output. After restart of the LED Driver the output will be activated again. The restart can either be done via mains reset or via interface ready2mains.

#### 6.7 Overtemperature protection

The LED Driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current of the LED module(s) is reduced. The temperature protection is activated approx. +5  $^{\circ}$ C above tc max (see page 2). On DC operation this function is deactivated to fulfill emergency requirements.

#### 6.8 DC emergency operation

The LED Driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage. For a reliable operation, make sure that also in DC emergency operation the LED Driver is run within the specified conditions as stated in chapter "4.1 Operating window".

Light output level in DC operation (EOF<sub>x</sub>): 60 % (cannot be adjusted)

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for:

AC: < 19 mA DC: < 1.8 mA

## 7. Miscellaneous

#### 7.1 Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with  $500 V_{DC}$  for one second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The isolation resistance must be at least  $2 M\Omega$ .

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V  $_{\rm AC}$  (or 1.414 x 1500 V  $_{\rm DC}$ ). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

### 7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Environmental conditions: 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

## 7.3 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u>  $\rightarrow$  Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u>  $\rightarrow$  Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.