# TRIDONIC

LED light engine / OLED LED linear / area



TALEX:module STARK LLE-55-280-1650 CLASSIC TALEX:module LLE

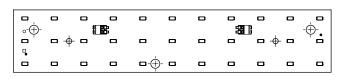
## Product description

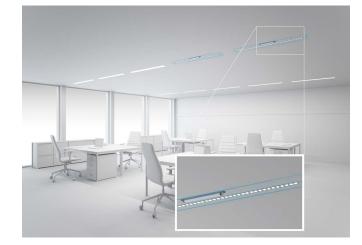
- Ideal for linear and panel lights
- LED system solution with outstanding system efficiency up to 126 lm/W, consisting of linear LED modules and dimmable LED control gear LCAI 65 W 150–400 mA ECO lp
- Efficiency of the module up to 150 Im/W
- Outstanding colour rendering index CRI > 80
- Small colour tolerance MacAdam 3<sup>®</sup>
- Small luminous flux tolerances
- Colour temperature 4,000 K
- Perfectly uniform light, even if several LED modules are used together in a line
- Push terminals for quick and simple wiring of LED module to LED module
- Simple installation (e.g. screws)
- Long life-time: 50,000 hours
- 5-year guarantee

#### $\rightarrow$

Standards, page 3

Colour temperatures and tolerances, page 5





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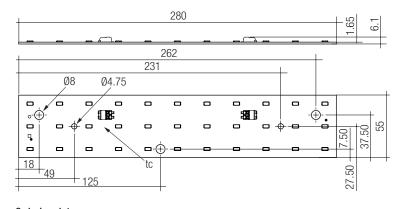
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## TALEX(module STARK LLE-55-280-1650 CLASSIC TALEX(module LLE

## Technical data

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Beam characteristic	120°	
Ambient temperature ta	-30 +45 °C	
Typ. tp point	65 °C	
Risk group (EN 62471:2008)	1	
Type of protection	IP00	



Ordering data				
Туре	Article number	Colour temperature	Packaging carton	Weight per pc.
LLE-55-280-1650-840-CLA	89602022	4,000 K	240 pc(s).	0.051 kg

#### Specific technical data

Туре	Photo-	Typ. luminous	Typ. luminous	Тур.	Min. forward	Max. forward	Typ. power	Efficacy	Efficacy	Efficacy	Colour	Energy
	metric	flux at	flux at	forward	voltage at	voltage at	consumption at	of the module	of the module	of the system	rendering	classifica-
	code	tp = 25 °C <sup>1</sup>	$tp=65~^\circ C^{\odot}$	current <sup>® ® ®</sup>	tp = 65 °C	tp = 25 °C	tp = 65 °C <sup>⊕</sup>	at tp = 25 °C	at tp = 65 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	at tp = 65 $^{\circ}$ C	index CRI	tion
LLE-55-280-1650-840-CLA	840/349	1,590 lm	1,490 lm	325 mA	29.7 V	34.5 V	10.2 W	150 lm/W	146 lm/W	126 lm/W	> 80	A++

 $^{\odot}$  Tolerance range for optical and electrical data:  $\pm 10$  %.

<sup>®</sup> Max. permissible repetitive peak current: 600 mA.

<sup>®</sup> Max. permissible surge current: 780 mA, duration max. 10 ms.

<sup>(d)</sup> Central measurement over the complete module.

### Standards

IEC 62031 IEC 62471 IEC 61547 IEC 55015 IEC 61000-4-2

#### Photometric code

Key for photometric code, e. g. 830 / 349

1	<sup>st</sup> digit	2 <sup>nd</sup> + 3 <sup>rd</sup> digit	4 <sup>th</sup> digit	5 <sup>th</sup> digit	6 <sup>th</sup> digit		
					Lumen maint	anance after 25%	
Code	CRI			McAdams after	of the life-tim	e (max.6000h)	
		Colour temperature in	McAdams	25% of the	Code	Remaining lumen	
7	67 – 76	Kelvin x 100	initial	life-time	7	≥ 70 %	
8	77 – 86			(max.6000h)	8	≥ 80 %	
9	$87 - \ge 90$				9	$\geq 90 \%$	

#### Thermal design and heat sink

The rated life of TALEX products depends to a large extent on the temperature. If the permissible temperature limits are exceeded, the life of the TALEX(module LLE will be greatly reduced or the TALEX(module LLE may be destroyed.

#### tc point, ambient temperature and life-time

The temperature at tp reference point is crucial for the light output and life-time of a TALEX product.

For TALEXmodule LLE a tp temperature of 65 °C has to be complied in order to achieve an optimum between heat sink requirements, light output and life-time.

Compliance with the maximum permissible reference temperature at the tp point must be checked under operating conditions in a thermally stable state. The maximum value must be determined under worst-case conditions for the relevant application.

The tc and tp temperature of LED modules from Tridonic are measured at the same reference point.

### Mounting instruction



None of the components of the TALEX(module LLE (substrate, LED, electronic components etc.) may be exposed to tensile or compressive stresses.

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm.

The LED modules are mounted onto a heat sink with min. 3 screws per module. In order not to damage the modules only rounded head screws and an additional plastic flat washer should be used.



Chemical substance may harm the LED module. Chemical reactions could lead to colour shift, reduced luminous flux or a total failure of the module caused by corrosion of electrical connections.

Materials which are used in LED applications (e.g. sealings, adhesives) must not produce dissolver gas. They must not be condensation curing based, acetate curing based or contain sulfur, chlorine or phthalate. Avoid corrosive atmosphere during usage and storage.



#### EOS/ESD safety guidelines

The device / module contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge and may only be installed in the factory and on site if appropriate EOS/ESD protection measures have been taken. No special measures need be taken for devices/modules with enclosed casings (contact with the pc board not possible), just normal installation practice. Please note the requirements set out in the document EOS / ESD guidelines (Guideline\_EOS\_ESD.pdf) at: http://www.tridonic.com/esd-protection

## Heat sink values

#### TALEX(module LLE

ta	tp	Forward current	<b>R</b> th, hs-a	Cooling area
25 °C	65 °C	325 mA	6.4 K/W	104 cm <sup>2</sup>
30 °C	65 °C	325 mA	5.6 K/W	118 cm <sup>2</sup>
40 °C	65 °C	325 mA	4.0 K/W	167 cm <sup>2</sup>
45 °C	65 °C	325 mA	3.2 K/W	206 cm <sup>2</sup>

#### Notes

The actual cooling surface can differ because of the material, the structural shape, outside influences and the installation situation. Depending on the heat sink a heat conducting paste or heat conducting film might be necessary to keep the specified tp temperature.

LED linear / area

#### Thermal behaviour

storage temperature	-30+80°C
operating temperature ta	-30+45°C
tp (at typ. current)	65 °C
tc max. (at typ. current)	75°C
max. humidity	3070%
* not condensating	

#### Life-time, lumen maintenance and failure rate

The light output of an LED Module decreases over the life-time, this is characterized with the L value.

L70 means that the LED module will give 70 % of its initial luminous flux. This value is always related to the number of operation hours and therefore defines the life-time of an LED module.

As the L value is a statistical value and the lumen maintenace may vary over the delivered LED modules.

The B value defines the amount of modules which are below the specific L value, e.g. L70B10 means 10 % of the LED modules are below 70 % of the initial luminous flux, respectivly 90 % will be above 70 % of the initial value. In addition the percentage of failed modules (fatal failure) is characterized by the C value.

The F value is the combination of the B and C value. That means for F degradation and complete failures are considered, e.g. L70F10 means 10 % of the LED modules may fail or be below 70 % of the initial luminous flux.

#### Lumen maintenance for TALEX(module LLE 55x280mm 1650lm

Forward current	tp temperature	L80 / F10	L80 / F50	L70 / F10	L70 / F50
325 mA	65 °C	tbd h	tbd h	tbd h	>50,000 h

#### Selection of the LED control gear

TALEX(module LLE can be operated either from SELV LED control gears or from LED control gears with LV output voltage.



TALEX(module LLE are basic isolated up to 300 V (if mounted with M4 screws in combination with plastic washers) against ground and can be mounted directly on earthed metal parts of the luminaire. If the max. output voltage of the led control gear (also against earth) is above 300 V, an additional isolation between LED module and heat sink is required (for example by isolated thermal pads) or by a suitable luminaire construction. At voltages > 60 V an additional protection against direct touch (test finger) to the light emitting side of the module has to be guaranteed. This is typically achieved by means of a non removable light distributor over the module.

#### Electrical supply/choice of LED control gear

TALEX(module LLE from Tridonic are not protected against overvoltages, overcurrents, overloads or short-circuit currents. Safe and reliable operation can only be guaranteed in conjunction with a LED control gear which complies with the relevant standards. The use of TALEX(converter from Tridonic in combination with TALEX(module LLE guarantees the necessary protection for safe and reliable operation.

If a LED control gear other than Tridonic TALEX/converter is used, it must provide the following protection:

- Short-circuit protection
- Overload protection
- Overtemperature protection

Δ

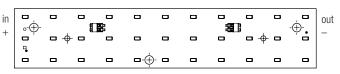
TALEX(module LLE must be supplied by a constant current LED control gear.

Operation with a constant voltage LED control gear will lead to an irreversible damage of the module.

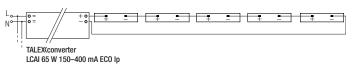
Wrong polarity can damage the TALEX module LLE.

If TALEX(modules LLE are wired in parallel and a wire breaks or a complete module fails then the current passing through the other module increases. This may reduce its life considerably. In addition there can be slight differences in light output caused by tolerances.

Wiring

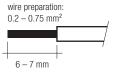


Wiring examples



#### Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be stranded or solid cable with a cross section of 0.2 to  $0.75 \text{ mm}^2$ . For the push-wire connection you have to strip the insulation (6–7 mm).

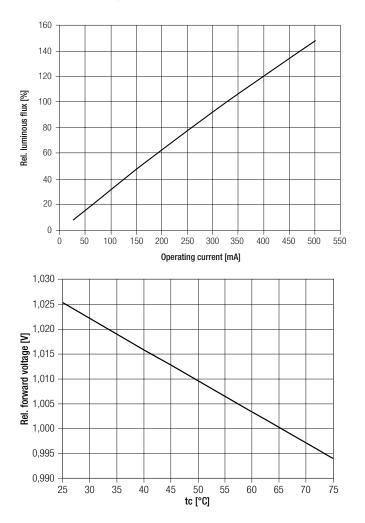


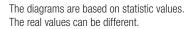
Inserting stranded wires / removing wires by lightly pressing on the push button.

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#### Relative forward voltage and relative luminous flux

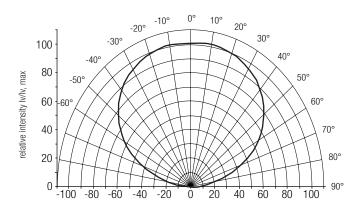




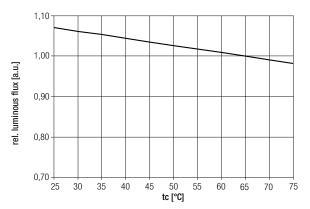
#### Optical characteristics TALEX(module LLE

The optical design of the TALEX(module LLE product line ensures optimum homogenity for the light distribution.

#### Light distribution



For further information see Design-in Guide, 3D data and photometric data on www.tridonic.com or on request.





The colour temperature is measured integral over the complete module. The single LED light points can have deviations in the colour coordinates within MacAdam 7.

To ensure an ideal mixture of colours and a homogenious light distribution a suitable optic (e. g. PMMA diffuser) and a sufficient spacing between module and optic (typ. 4 cm) should be used.

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## Coordinates and tolerances according to CIE 1931

The specified colour coordinates are central measured by a current impulse with typical values of module and a duration of 100 ms. The ambient temperature of the measurement is ta =  $25 \,^{\circ}$ C. The measurement tolerance of the colour coordinates are  $\pm 0.01$ .



